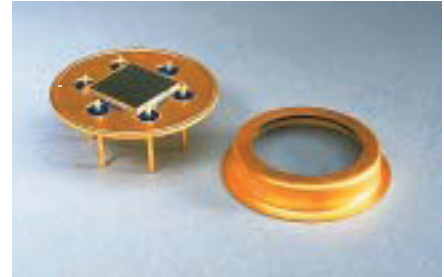
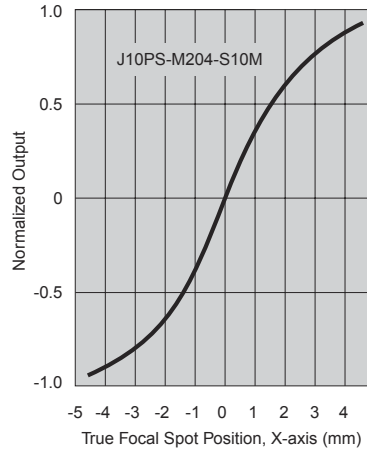




**J16PS Position Sensors**

A Ge position sensor consists of a single element photodiode with a quadrupole electrode geometry. These devices can provide linear X-Y beam position information for lasers and other infrared beams. Positioning information is determined as shown in Fig. 2. The PA6:4C preamplifier is recommended for Teledyne Judson position sensitive detectors.

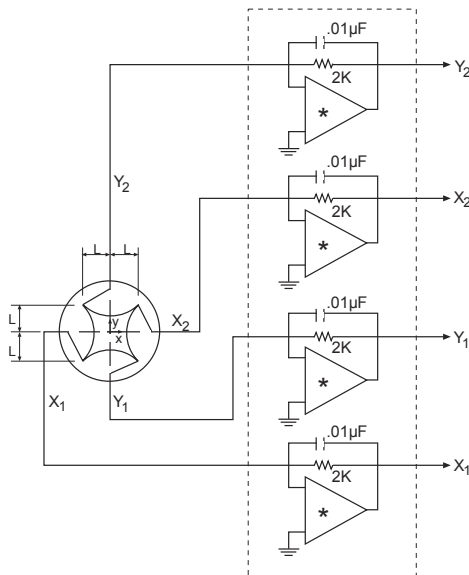
Figure 1  
Example of Position Linearity



Typical Specifications **Linear Position Sensors**

Model Number	Part Number	Detector Type	Wavelength Range (μm)	Active Size "2L" (mm)	Linear Position Zone (Dia.) (mm)	Typical Position Resolution (μm)	Typical Interelectrode Resistance (ohms)	Peak Responsivity	Detector Temp.	Package Type
J16PS-P6-S10M-HS	460284	Ge	0.8 - 1.8	10 x 10	6	5	~ 100	0.6	22°C	TO3
J16PS-8E6-S05M-HS	460743	Ge	0.8 - 1.8	5 x 5	3	5	~ 100	0.6	22°C	TO8

Figure 2  
Position Sensor Detector Configuration



**Device Options**

Teledyne Judson's unique "-HS" option Ge position sensing device has a p-i-n structure for extremely low capacitance and excellent speed of response, with  $R_D$  and noise similar to the standard device. This option is ideal for pulsed laser diode monitoring and general use above ~10 KHz.

$$\frac{x}{L} = \frac{(X_2 + Y_1) - (X_1 + Y_2)}{X_1 + X_2 + Y_1 + Y_2}$$

$$\frac{y}{L} = \frac{(X_2 + Y_2) - (X_1 + Y_1)}{X_1 + X_2 + Y_1 + Y_2}$$

**J16PS ROOM TEMPERATURE  
GERMANIUM POSITION SENSORS**

**SAMPLE TEST DATA  
FOR 5MM GERMANIUM POSITION SENSOR**

**PART NUMBER:** 460743  
**DESCRIPTION:** J16PS-8E6-S05M-HS  
**SERIAL NUMBER:** 49961-1

Shunt Resistance $R_D$ at 22°C (ohms)	Dark Current $I_D$ @ 1V ( $\mu$ A)	Dark Current $I_D$ @ 3V ( $\mu$ A)
12739	3	4

Detector Series Resistance, $R_S$ (ohms)				
Adjacent Contacts at 22°C	$(R_S^{1,2})$	$(R_S^{1,4})$	$(R_S^{3,2})$	$(R_S^{3,4})$
	77	80	79	80
max ( $R_S^{Adj}$ ) = <u>80</u> min ( $R_S^{Adj}$ ) = <u>77</u>				
Non-Uniformity Specification = $\leq 5\%$				
Non-Uniformity = $\frac{\max(R_S^{Adj}) - \min(R_S^{Adj})}{\max(R_S^{Adj})} \times 100 = \underline{3.75} \%$				

Detector Series Resistance, $R_S$ (ohms)		
Diagonal Contacts at 22°C	$(R_S^{1,3})$	$(R_S^{2,4})$
	84	85
max ( $R_S^{Diag}$ ) = <u>85</u> min ( $R_S^{Diag}$ ) = <u>84</u>		
Non-Uniformity Specification = $\leq 5\%$		
Non-Uniformity = $\frac{\max(R_S^{Diag}) - \min(R_S^{Diag})}{\max(R_S^{Diag})} \times 100 = \underline{1.176} \%$		

Responsivity,  $R_\lambda$  at 1300nm = 0.70 A/W      Responsivity,  $R_\lambda$  at 850nm = 0.22 A/W



## **1300-1650 nm Two Dimensional Position Sensors**

The J16PS-8E6-S05M-HS is a room temperature Germanium position sensor consisting of a single element photodiode with the improved tetra-lateral geometry called the Pin-Cushion Type. The active size of the detector is 5mm x 5mm. It has 4 electrodes (cathodes) at the corners on the front surface of the photodiode, and the common anode is at the back surface. A light spot within the spectral range of germanium generates a photocurrent which flows from the incident point through the resistive layers to the electrodes. If the resistivity of the sheet layer is extremely uniform, then the photocurrent at each electrode is inversely proportional to the distance between the incident spot and the electrodes.

A typical test data sheet of the detector characteristics supplied is shown in Figure 1.

A detailed analysis of a detector was done and some of the data is presented. The entire surface of the detector was scanned using an automated spot scanning set-up. A 1550nm laser diode source chopped at 1KHz was used. The laser power was regulated to give a constant output. The spot size was about 120um. The scanning was done in 100um steps. The current outputs of the 4 electrodes were fed through a 4-channel transimpedance amplifier and the rms voltage value of the fundamental(1KHz) was recorded to 4 separate files through software. Current flows into each electrode. The magnitude of the current will depend on the distance of the electrode from the spot position.

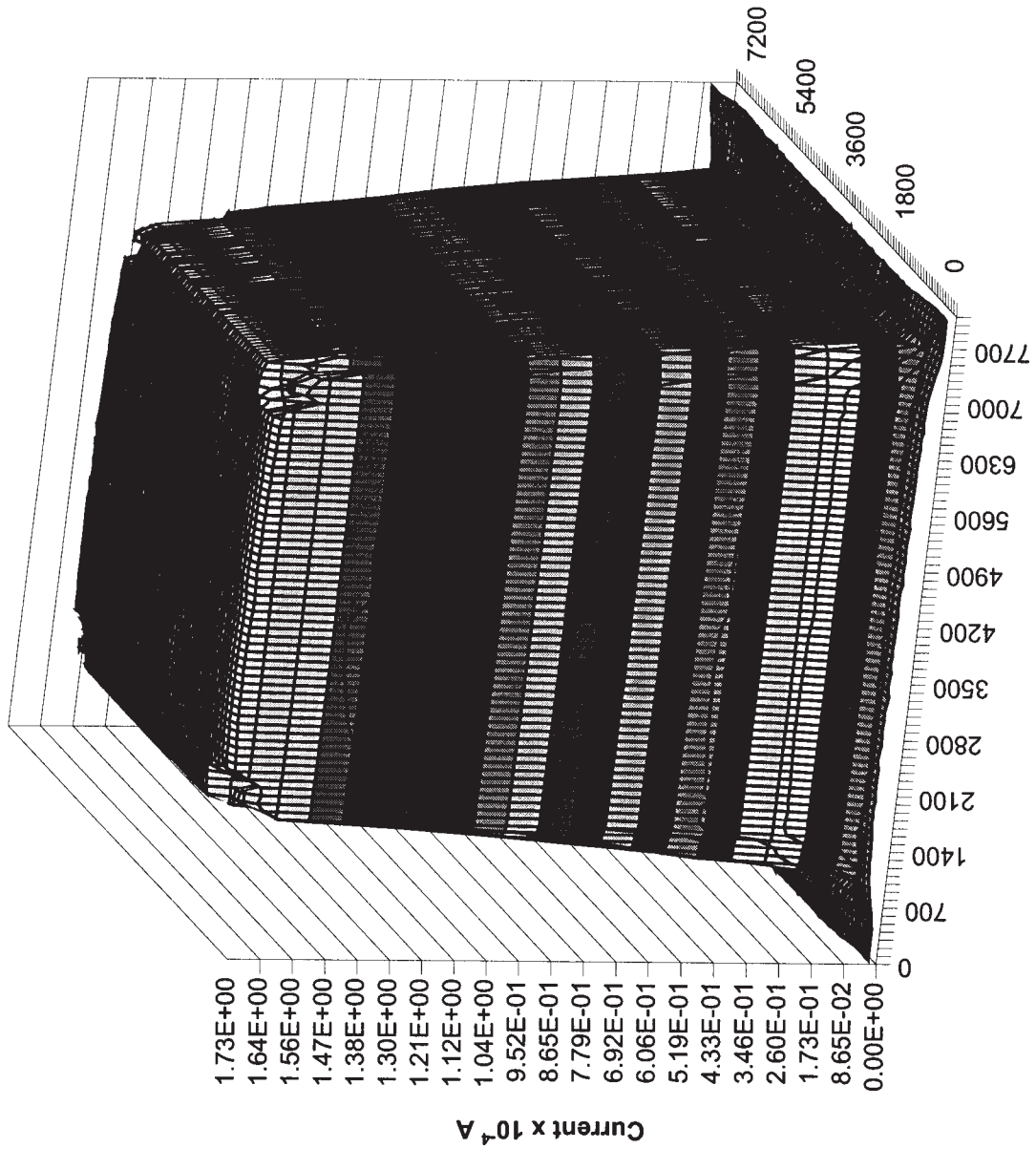
A 3D plot of the sum of all 4 voltage outputs is plotted as shown in Figure 2. The transimpedance gain of each channel was 10Kohm. The sum of all 4 currents from each electrode should be a constant depending on the uniformity of the surface. The 3D plot of the sum of the 4 voltages as a function of position depicts the uniformity of the detector surface.

The normalized x and y position values are computed using the equations and a contour position plot of x from 1.4mm to -1.4mm and y from 1.4mm to -1.4mm is obtained as shown in Figure 3. This plot depicts the linearity of the detector.

The voltage output from each electrode is plotted as a function of position. The 3D plots are shown in Figures 4, 5, 6, and 7. The output voltage gets higher as the light spot gets closer to the electrode.

The mechanical properties of the packaging are shown in Figure 8.

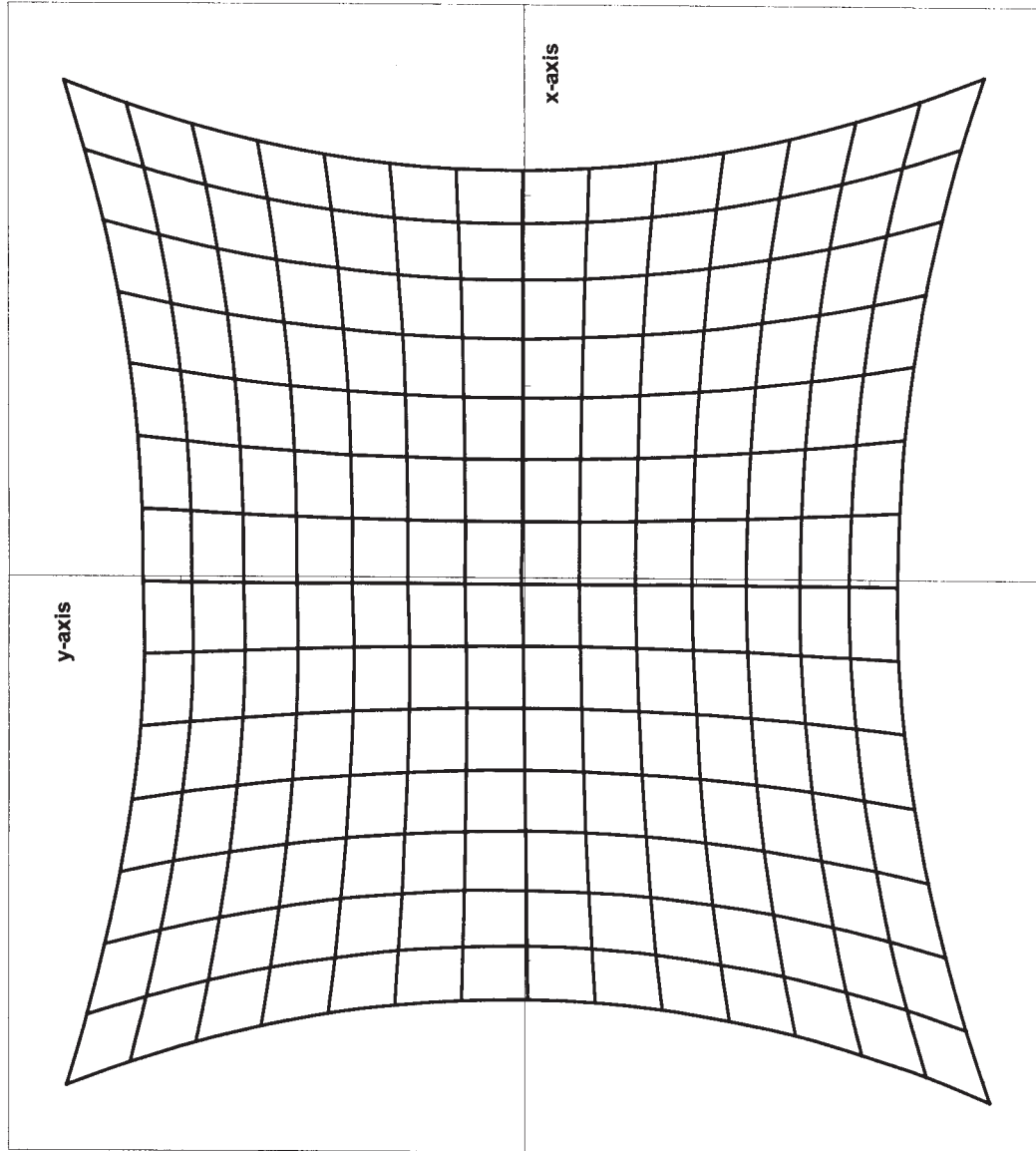
Sum of all 4 electrode outputs



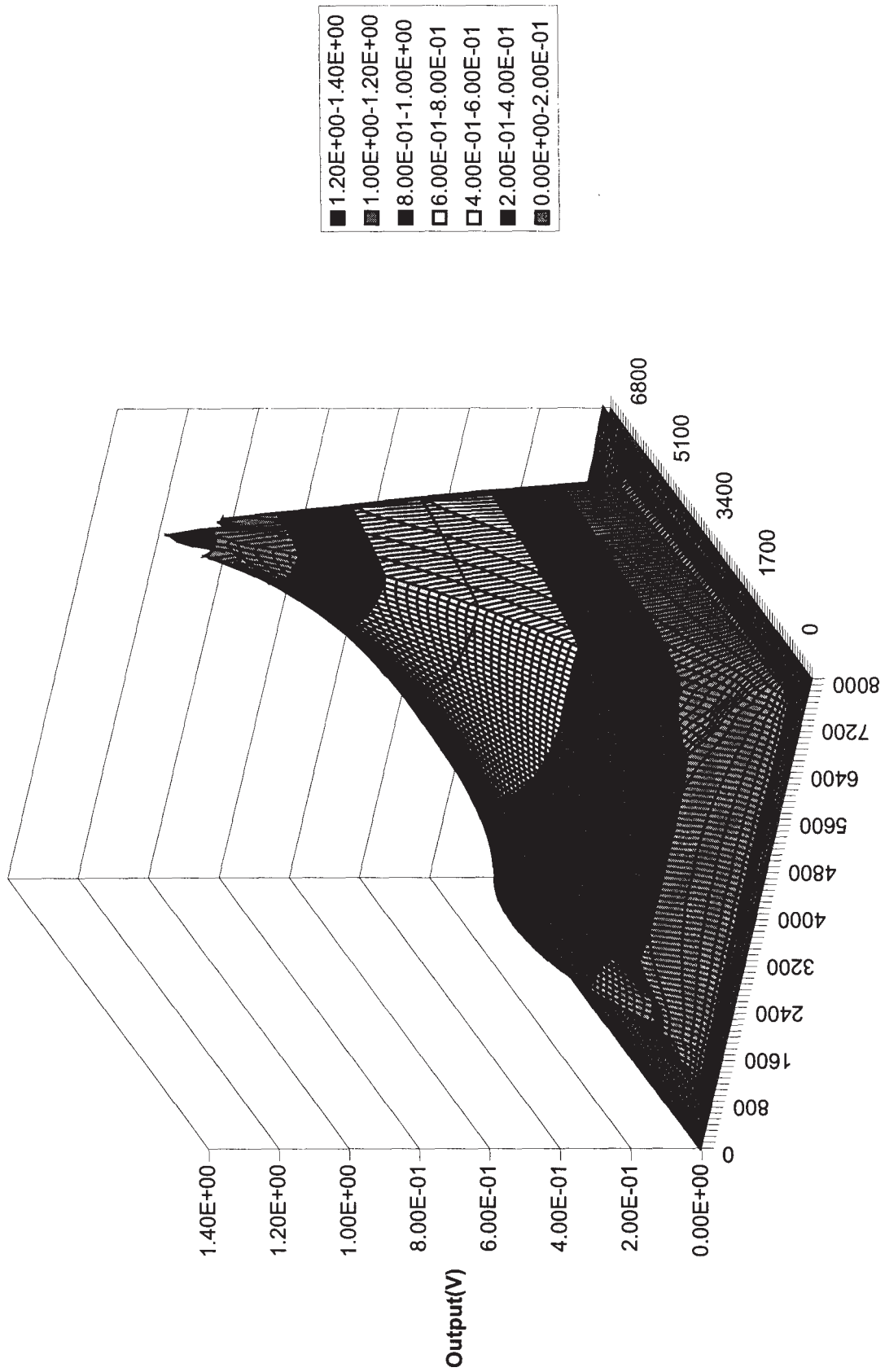
1.64E+00-1.73E+00
1.56E+00-1.64E+00
1.47E+00-1.56E+00
1.38E+00-1.47E+00
1.30E+00-1.38E+00
1.21E+00-1.30E+00
1.12E+00-1.21E+00
1.04E+00-1.12E+00
9.52E-01-1.04E+00
8.65E-01-9.52E-01
7.79E-01-8.65E-01
6.92E-01-7.79E-01
6.06E-01-6.92E-01
5.19E-01-6.06E-01
4.33E-01-5.19E-01
3.46E-01-4.33E-01
2.60E-01-3.46E-01
1.73E-01-2.60E-01
8.65E-02-1.73E-01
0.00E+00-8.65E-02

# J16PS ROOM TEMPERATURE GERMANIUM POSITION SENSORS

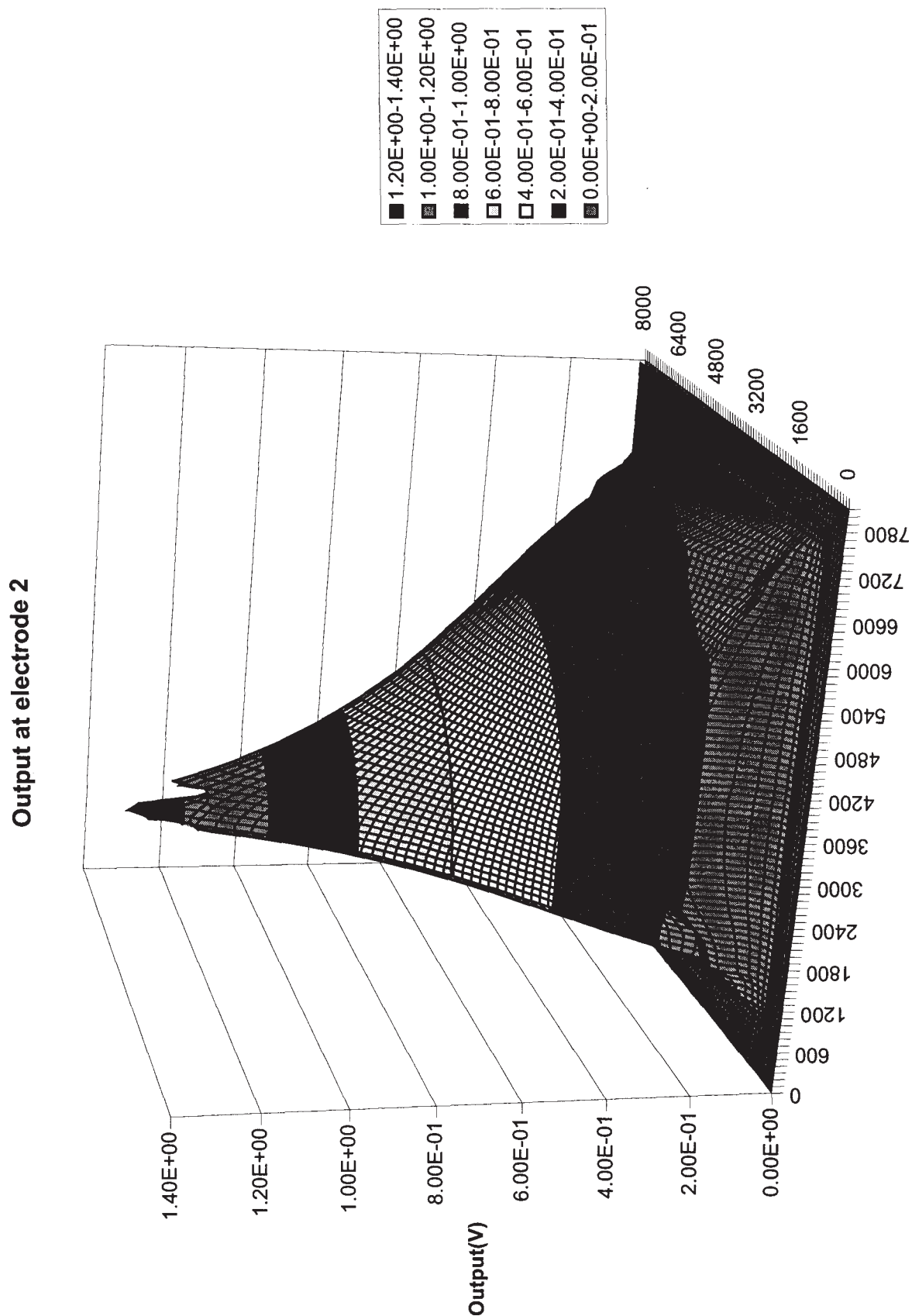
Linearity Plot (x & y from -1.4mm to 1.4mm)



Output at electrode 1

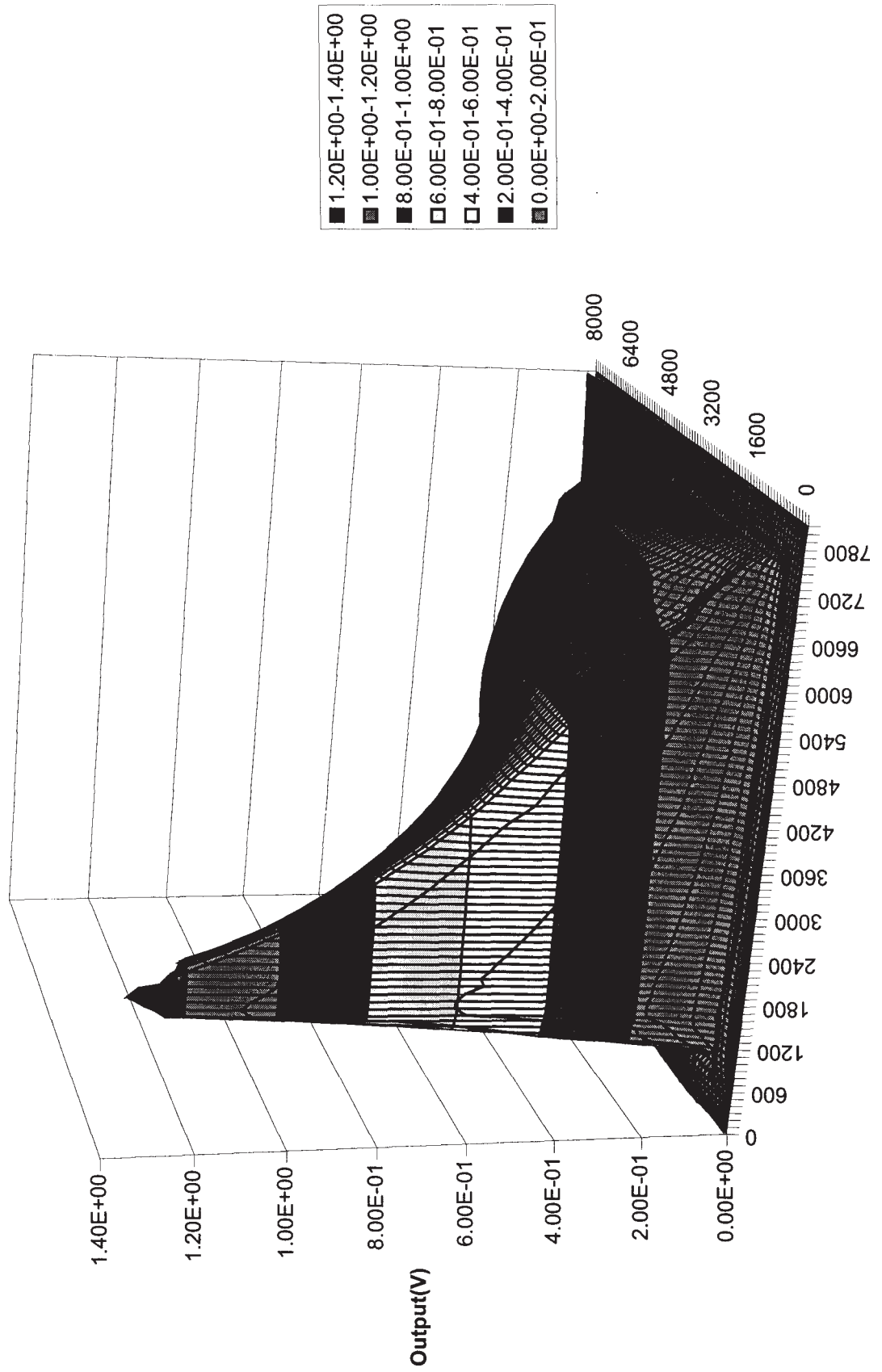


# J16PS ROOM TEMPERATURE GERMANIUM POSITION SENSORS

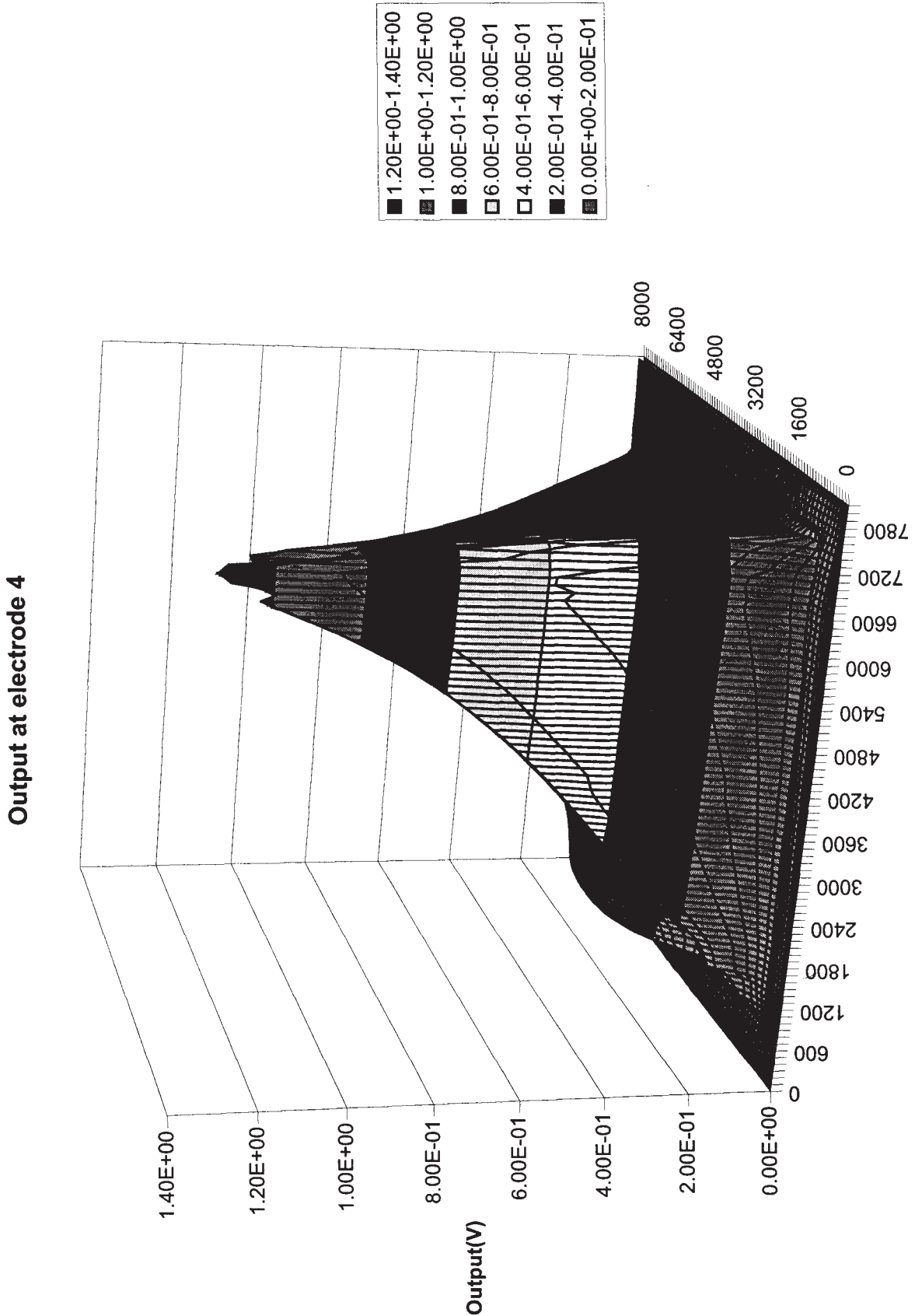




Output at electrode 3



# J16PS ROOM TEMPERATURE GERMANIUM POSITION SENSORS





FDS #460284

Revised 2/23/01

SAMPLE  
FINAL TEST DATA

PART NUMBER: 460284

DESCRIPTION: J16PS-P6-S10M-HS

SERIAL NUMBER: 57984-7

Shunt Resistance $R_D$ (ohms)	Dark Current $I_D @ 1V$ ( $\mu A$ )	Dark Current $I_D @ 3V$ ( $\mu A$ )	Junction Capacitance $C_D @ 0V$ 10Khz	Junction Capacitance $C_D @ 0V$ 1Mhz
4477	10	50	19nF	3nF

Detector Series Resistance, $R_S$ (ohms)				
Adjacent Contacts	$(R_S^{1,2})$	$(R_S^{1,4})$	$(R_S^{3,2})$	$(R_S^{3,4})$
	82	81	82	81
max ( $R_S^{Adj}$ ) = 82		min ( $R_S^{Adj}$ ) = 81		
Non-Uniformity Specification = $\leq 5\%$				
Non-Uniformity = $\frac{\max(R_S^{Adj}) - \min(R_S^{Adj})}{\max(R_S^{Adj})} \times 100 = 1\%$				

Detector Interlaced Resistance $R_L$		
Diagonal Contacts	$(R_S^{1,3})$	$(R_S^{2,4})$
	86	86
max ( $R_S^{Diag}$ ) = 86		min ( $R_S^{Diag}$ ) = 86
Non-Uniformity Specification = $\leq 5\%$		
Non-Uniformity = $\frac{\max(R_S^{Diag}) - \min(R_S^{Diag})}{\max(R_S^{Diag})} \times 100 = 0\%$		

Responsivity,  $R\lambda$  at  $1.3\mu m$  = -64 A/W

Approved by: [Signature]

Date: 8/23/07



## 4-channel Preamplifier with 4 digitally programmable gains

### Theory of Operation

This pre-amplifier can be used for testing all the four outputs of a 4 channel position sensor. There are 4 independent preamplifiers for each channel. The current output of each channel is converted to voltage using a high speed transimpedance amplifier. This voltage is further amplified with a voltage amplifier using a selection of 4 different gains. The high speed amplifier gives a 1 MHz bandwidth dependent on detectors characteristics. A chopper stabilized operational amplifier with a low maximum offset voltage of +/- 5uV removes the offset voltage of the high speed transimpedance amplifier.

### Operating Instructions PA-PS: 4C, SMA, HIGH SPEED (490181)

Please refer to Drawing No. 490181POD for electrical connections and gain selections.

The power input jack has 5 pin connections. 4 digitally programmable gains can be selected via pins A & B. The gain select table depicts the gain values for the 4 combinations. The power supply required is +/- 6V. The detector connections are made to the detector input jack. The 4 outputs are accessible on the 4 SMA connectors.

SMA connector outputs OUT1, OUT2, OUT3, & OUT4 correspond to outputs Y2, X2, Y1, & X1 in the catalog for position calculations.

### Specifications

Power Supply: +/-6V at 80mA

Input Offset Voltage: +/-5uV

Average Input Offset Drift: +/- 6uV/°C

Output Offset Voltage: +/-40mV max

Input Bias Current: 1.2uA

Input Noise Voltage: 6nV/rtHz at 100KHz

Input Noise Current: 9pA/rtHz

Output Impedance: 50ohms

Maximum Output Current: 25mA

Maximum Output Voltage: +/-2.5V

Bandwidth: DC to 3MHz

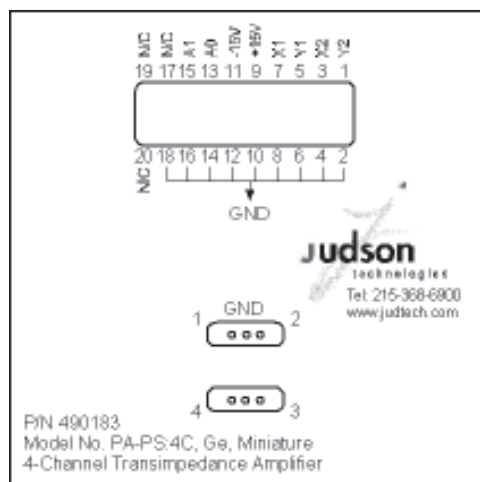
Selectable Gains: 200V/A, 401V/A, 804V/A, 1608V/A

# GERMANIUM POSITION SENSORS

## Operating Instructions:

PA-PS: 4C, Miniature, Standard (490183)

This model has a 6-pin socket to accept the position sensor, and a 20-pin connector for power supply, 4-channel outputs, and gain select control lines. The label below indicates the connections for the 20-pin connector and the



position sensor. Pins 13(A0) & 15(A1) are the gain select control lines. The table below gives the 4 gain selection options depending on the TTL compatible signals supplied to A1 and A0.

A1	A0	Gain KV/A
0	0	6.03
0	1	19.135
1	0	60.850
1	1	150.384

Pins 1, 3, 5, & 7 on the 20-pin connector correspond to outputs Y2, X2, Y1, & X1 in the catalog for position calculations.

REVISIONS			
REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
0	INITIAL RELEASE	06/28/01	MR/DFG
1	CHANGES PER DCN 402756	11/28/01	MR/DFG



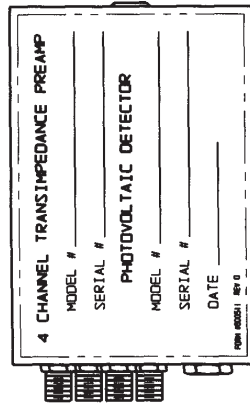
DETAIL "A"

DETECTOR INPUT JACK CONNECTION	
PIN #	CONNECTION
1	CHANNEL 1
2	CHANNEL 2
3	CHANNEL 3
4	CHANNEL 4
5	GND

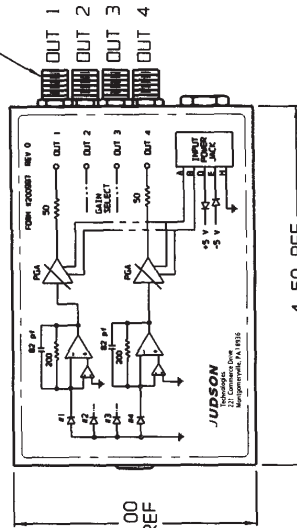
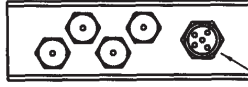
POWER INPUT JACK CONNECTION	
PIN #	CONNECTION
*A	GND OR OPEN
*B	GND OR OPEN
D	+6 V
E	-6 V
H	GND

*GAIN SELECT TABLE		
A	B	GAIN V/A
GND	GND	200
OPEN	GND	400
GND	OPEN	800
OPEN	OPEN	1600

1.00 REF



4X OUTPUT SMA CONNECTORS



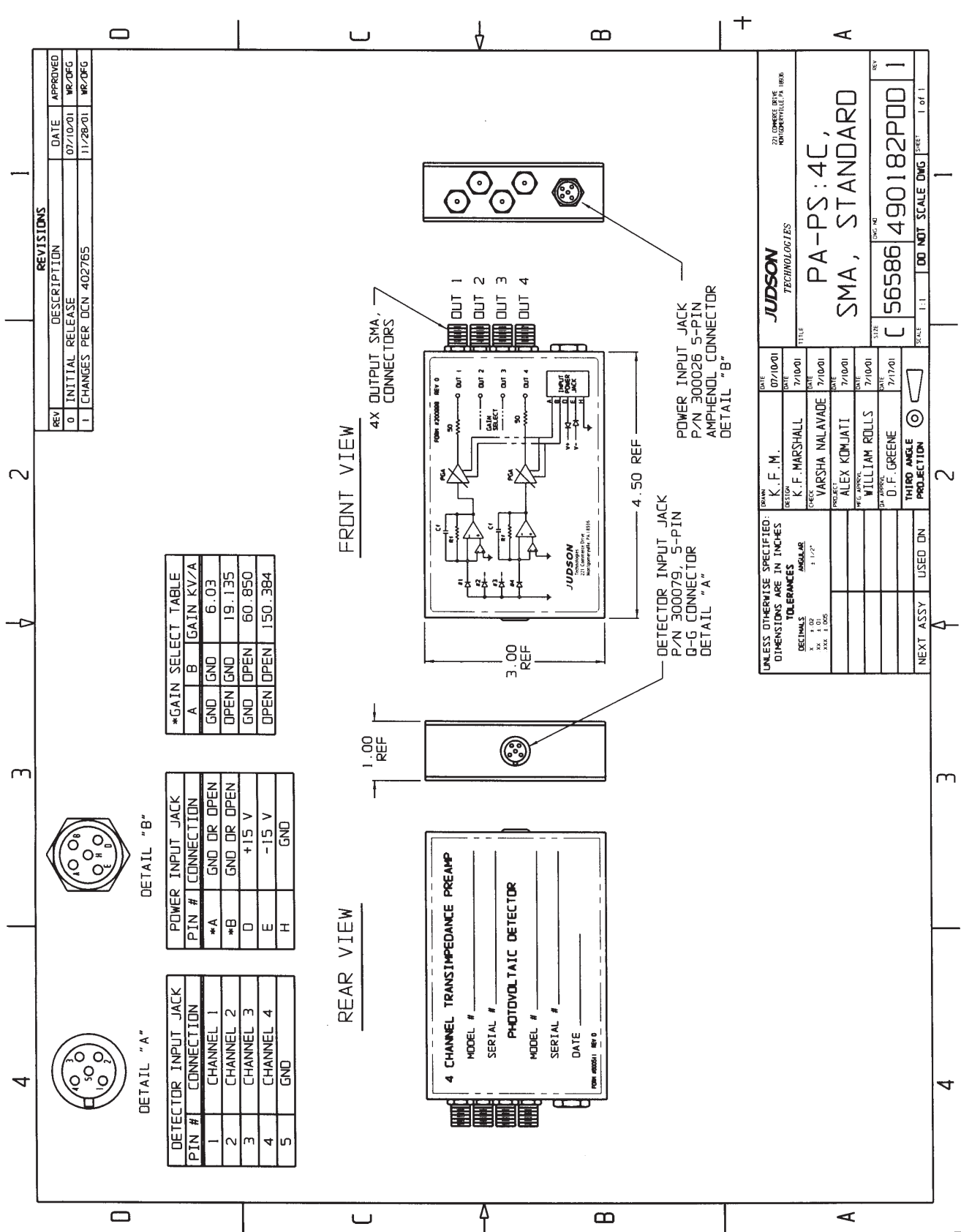
DETECTOR INPUT JACK  
P/N 300079, 5-PIN  
G-G CONNECTOR  
DETAIL "A"

POWER INPUT JACK  
P/N 300026 5-PIN  
AMPHENOL CONNECTOR  
DETAIL "B"

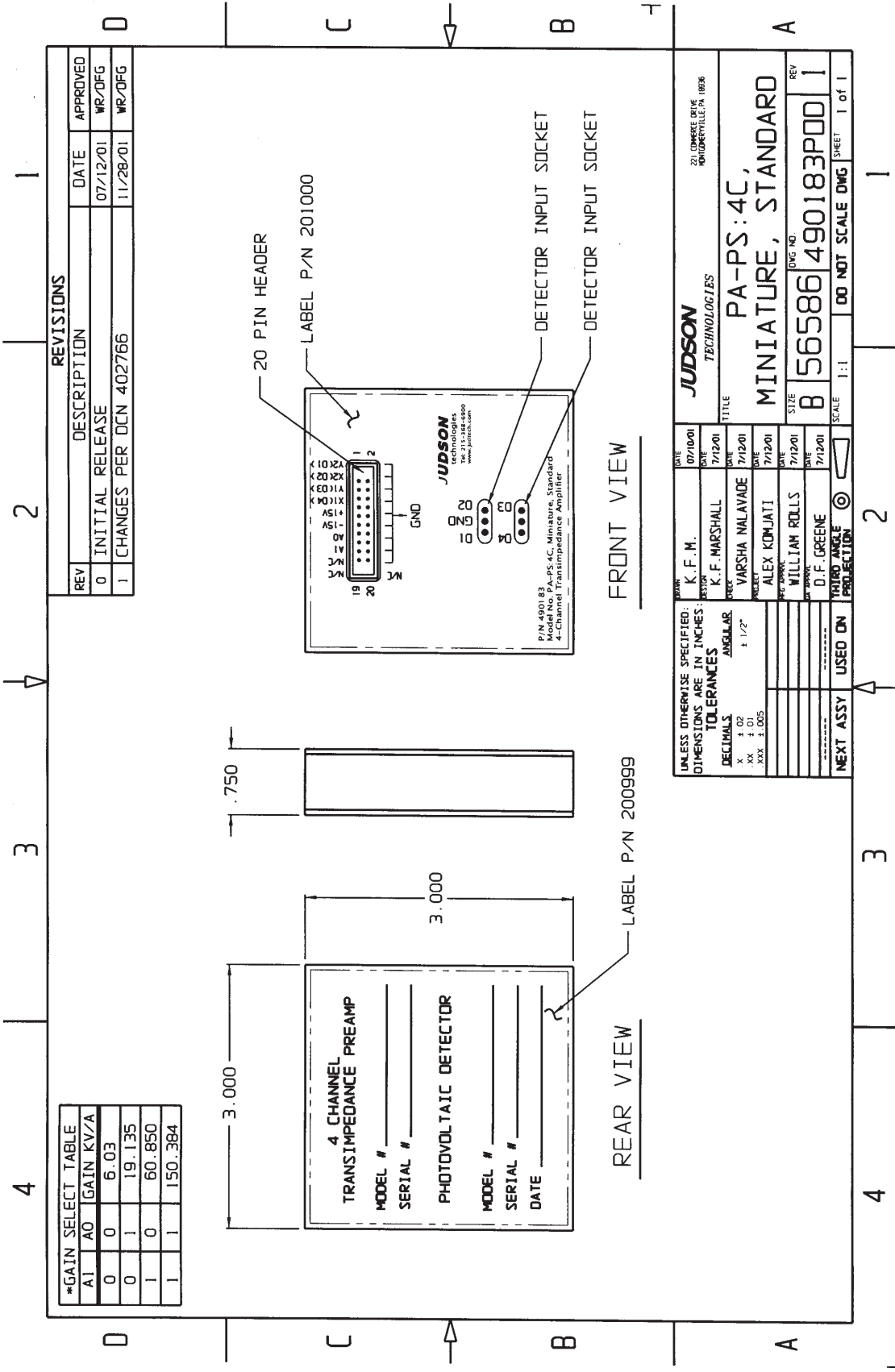
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES		DATE	06/28/01	DATE	06/28/01	DATE	06/28/01	DATE	06/28/01	DATE	06/28/01	DATE	06/28/01
DECIMALS	1/100	DRAWN	K.F.M.	CHECKED	K.F. MARSHALL	DESIGNED	K.F. MARSHALL	PROJECT	VARSHA NALAVADE	REV. APPROV.	ALEX KOMJATI	DATE APPROV.	WILLIAM ROLLS
FRACTIONS	1/32	DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE	
ANGULAR	1/2°	PROJECT		PROJECT		PROJECT		PROJECT		PROJECT		PROJECT	
TOLERANCES		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE	
XXX 1.000		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE	
THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE	
USED IN		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE	
NEXT ASSY		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE	
SCALE	1:1	DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE	
DO NOT SCALE DIMS		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE	
SHEET	1 of 1	DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE		DATE	

JUDSON TECHNOLOGIES  
PA-PS:4C, SMA, HIGH SPEED  
C 56586 490181P001

# J16PS ROOM TEMPERATURE GERMANIUM POSITION SENSORS



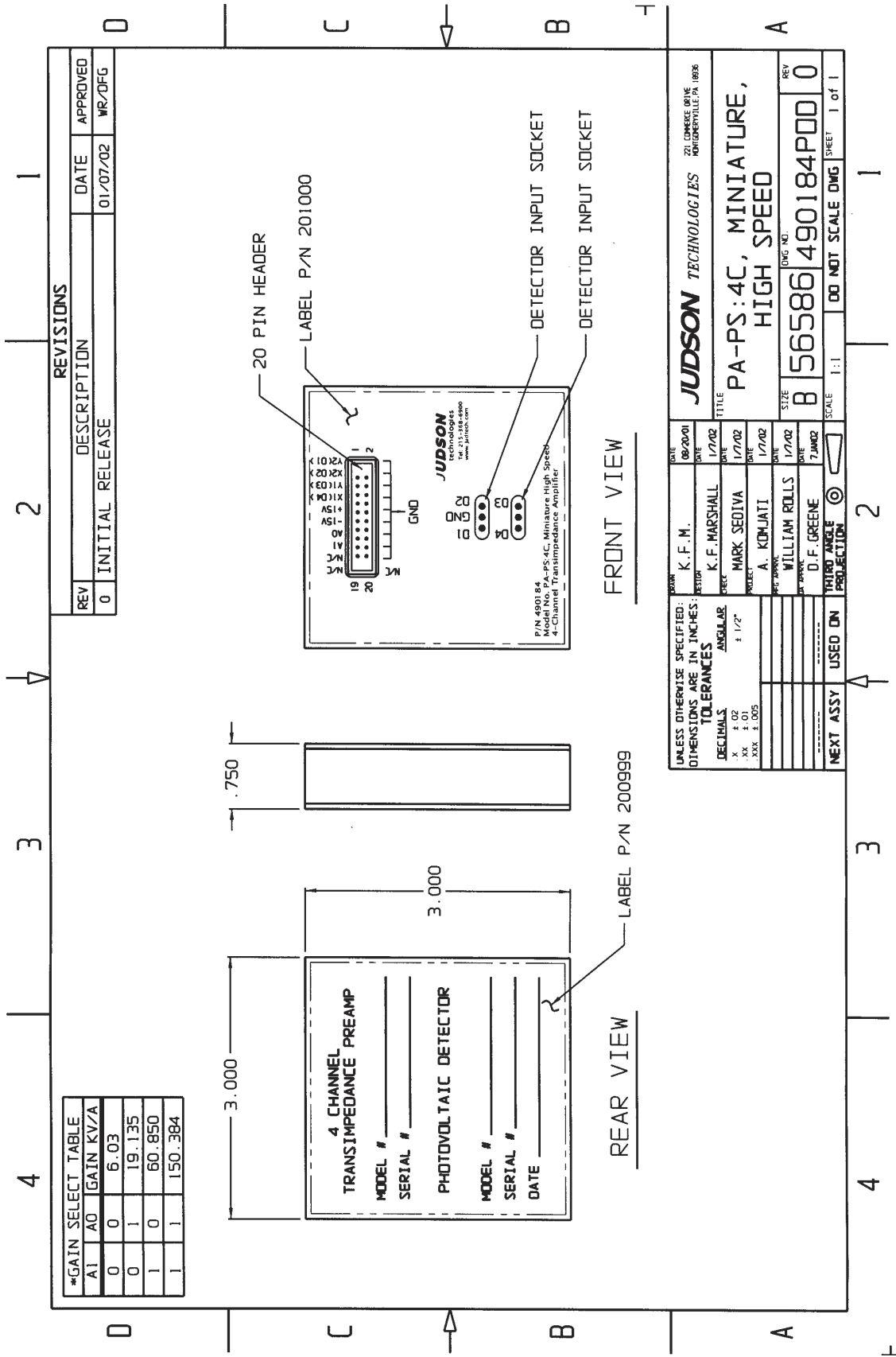




REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
0	INITIAL RELEASE	07/12/01	WR/DFG
1	CHANGES PER DCN 402766	11/28/01	WR/DFG

*GAIN SELECT TABLE	
AI	GAIN KV/A
0	6.03
1	19.135
2	60.850
3	150.384

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES: TOLERANCES		JUDSON TECHNOLOGIES	
DECIMALS	ANGULAR	DATE	REV
X + .02	1 / 2°	07/10/01	07/12/01
.XX + .01		07/12/01	07/12/01
.XXX + .005		07/12/01	07/12/01
NEXT ASSY USED ON	PAUSE PROJECTION	DESIGNER	DATE
		K.F.M.	07/10/01
		K.F. MARSHALL	07/12/01
		VARSHA MALAVADE	07/12/01
		ALEX KOMJATI	07/12/01
		WILLIAM ROLLS	07/12/01
		D.F. GREENE	07/12/01
		PAUSE PROJECTION	07/12/01
		SCALE	1:1
		DO NOT SCALE DIMS	SHEET 1 of 1
		TITLE	PA-PS:4C, MINIATURE, STANDARD
		SIZE	B
		DWG NO.	56586 490183P00 1



Information in this document is believed to be reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for possible inaccuracies or omission. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

